

725 Digitizer Family

16/8 Ch. 14-bit 250 MS/s Digitizer



Overview

The 725 is a family of CAEN Waveform Digitizers able to perform basic waveform recording and run online advanced algorithms (DPP) for digital pulse processing: charge integration and pulse shape discrimination with constant fraction timing, pulse height analysis, zero-length encoding, and dynamic acquisition window. The wide selection of DPP algorithms supported by this family makes the 725 a “must-have” for any kind of nuclear physics application. Data is read by a Flash ADC, 14-bit resolution and 250 MS/s sampling rate, which is well suited for mid-fast signals as the ones coming from liquid or inorganic scintillators coupled to PMTs or Silicon Photomultipliers, but also for high precision detectors as Silicon or HPGe coupled with charged sensitive preamplifiers. The acquisition can be channel independent and it is possible to make coincidence/anti-coincidence logic among different channels and external veto/gating. Multiple boards can be synchronized to build up complex systems.

In case of DPP mode, data can be saved in time-stamped list mode to support higher input rates and improving the throughput performances. Piled-up events can be rejected or saved for offline analysis. The acquisition in DPP mode is fully controlled by the CoMPASS and MC²Analyzer software, which manage the algorithm parameters, build the plots and saves the relevant energy, time, and PSD spectra. In case of waveform recording mode, the user can take advantage of the CAENScope and WaveDump software to access and save the waveforms.

APPLICATIONS

- Nuclear and Particle Physics
- Dark Matter and Astroparticle Physics
- Fast Neutron spectroscopy
- Homeland Security

FORM FACTOR



FUNCTIONS

ICH WV TS TDC QDC CFD PHA PSD ZS DAW

Maximum flexibility

APPLICATION NOTES

- AN5157 • GD2783
- AN5995 • GD2827

Libraries and demo software in C and LabView are available for integration and customization of specific acquisition systems. 725 family comes in three form factors: VME (16 or 8 input channels), NIM (8 input channels) and Desktop (8 input channels). The communication to and from the board is provided through the following interfaces: USB (Desktop and NIM form factors), VMEbus (VME form factor), and Optical Link (all form factors).

Features

- 14-bit @ 250 MS/s
- Analog inputs on MCX coax. connectors
- VME64/VME64X (16/8 ch.), NIM (8 ch.) and Desktop (8 ch.) modules
- 0.5 and 2 Vpp software selectable input dynamic range with programmable DC offset adjustment
- Algorithms for Digital Pulse Processing (DPP)
- VME, USB and Optical Link communication interfaces
- Multi-board synchronization features
- Daisy chain capability
- Demo software tools, Control Software for waveform recording and DPP firmware, C and LabVIEW libraries

Firmware	Software	ICH	WV	TS	TDC	QDC	CFD	PHA	PSD	ZS	DAW
	 CAEN CAEN		•	•							
	 CAEN	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
	 CAEN CAEN	•	•	•	•			•			
	 CAEN		•	•						•	
	 CAEN	•	•	•							•

Principle of Operation

CAEN Waveform Digitizers are devices able to continuously acquire analog input signals, which are sampled by fast ADCs and stored into digital memories where they are available for readout through different communication interfaces (USB, VMEBus, Optical Link). Depending on the FPGA firmware, the digitizer can work like an oscilloscope to acquire raw waveforms, or perform online processing to calculate parameters such as pulse height, charge, time stamp, pulse shape discrimination. In the latter case, the output data is a time-stamped list of parameters. Data reductions and zero suppression algorithms are also available.

Digitization in CAEN digitizers is based on two main technics: **Flash ADC** and **Switched Capacitor Arrays**.

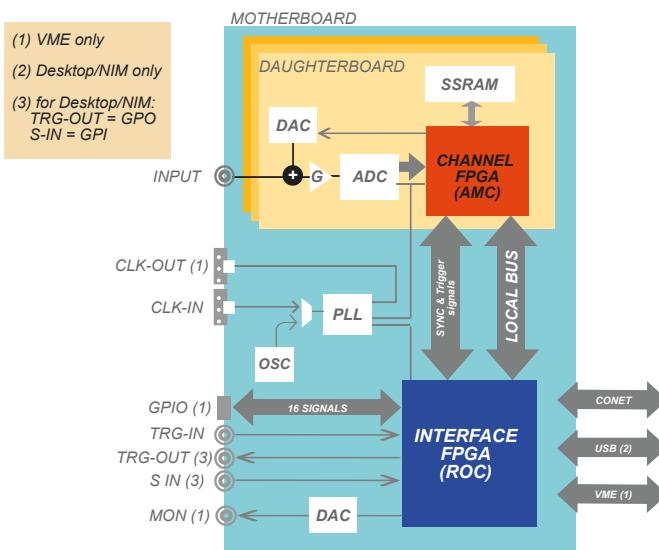
Flash ADC are the fastest A/D converters, where the sampling and the analog-to-digital conversion are made practically at the same time. Flash ADC are so not affected by dead-time due to conversion. In the Switched Capacitor Arrays, the sampling and the A/D conversion take place at different times, thus introducing a dead-time. Despite of the dead-time, the Switched Capacitor Array Digitizers are able to sample the input pulse at very high frequency, up to 5 GS/s, with high channel density, while the highest Flash ADC frequency is 4 GS/s with a quite low number of channels. If compared to a commercial digital oscilloscope, the waveform digitizer presents a list of differences which make it an advanced instrument for many applications:

- waveform recording with no dead-time due to conversion (Flash ADC digitizers)
- Independent channel self-triggering and event acquisition
- On-line digital pulse processing (DPP) algorithms
- Data reduction
- Multi-board synchronization for system scalability
- Communication interfaces with high bandwidth readout

The benefits of the digital approach are great stability and reproducibility, ability to reprogram and adjust the algorithms to the application, ability to preserve the information of the signal along the entire acquisition chain, flexibility, better correction of baseline fluctuation, pile-up, ballistic deficit, etc.. All in one board.

CAEN Digitizer block diagram:

- A motherboard which contains one FPGA for the readout interfaces and the services, and defines the form factor.
- One or more daughterboards which define the type of digitizer and contain the signal conditioning input stage, the ADCs, the FPGA for the data processing and the memories.



Firmware Upgrade

Firmware



Waveform Recording Firmware

Time windowed waveform recording
Dead-timeless acquisition
Multi-buffer memories
Multi-board synchronization

Software

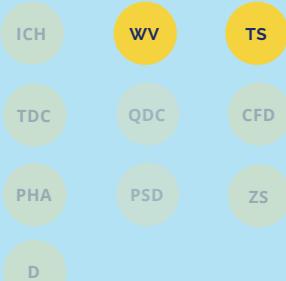


CAEN Digitizer readout application



Digitizer Software for Signal Inspection and waveform recording

Features

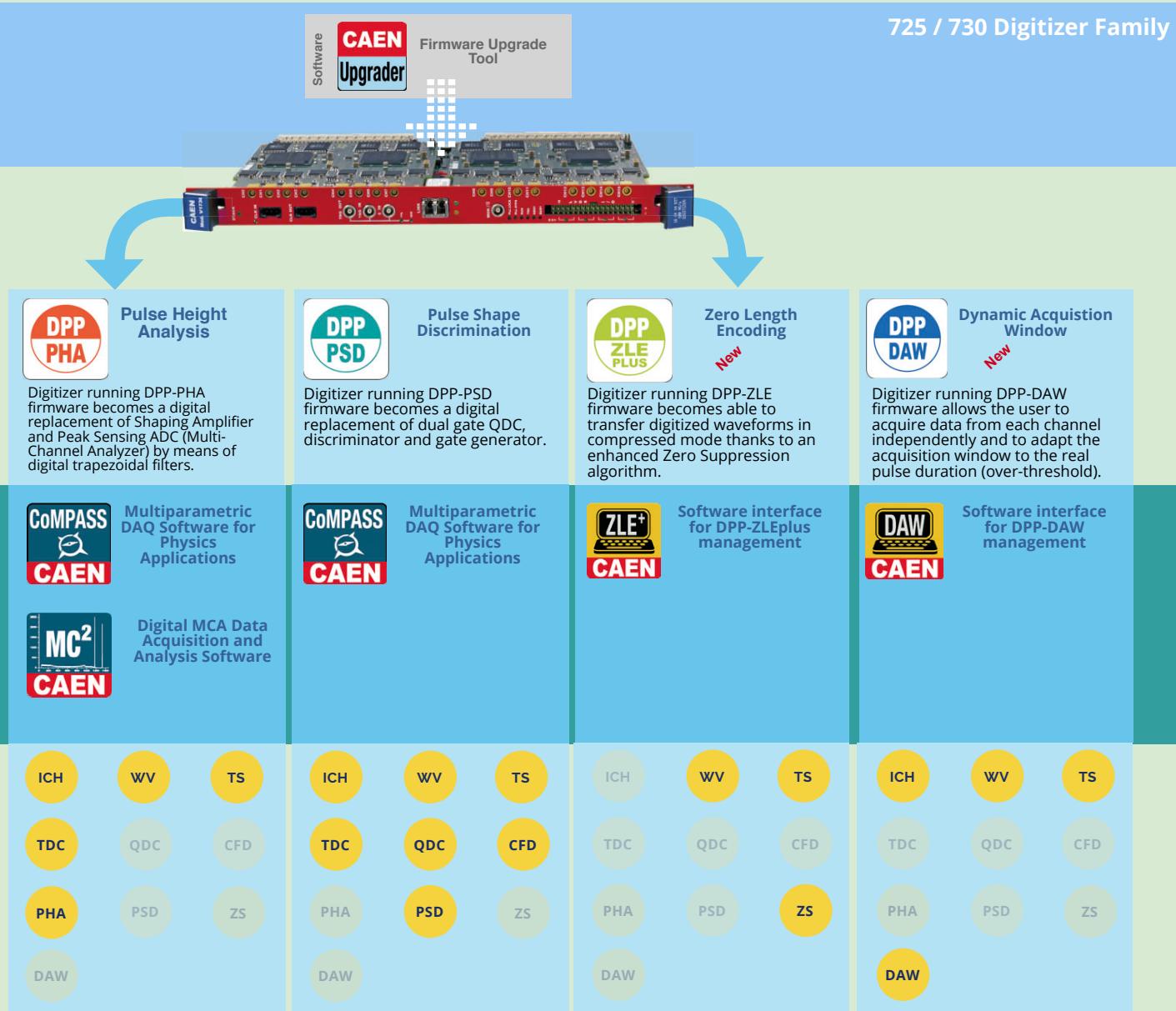


Feature Acronyms Legend

- ICH** (Independent channels): the trigger and acquire data independently, can be correlated using a user-defined (anti) coincidence logic criteria
- TDC** (Time to Digital Converter): stamp information from the fast digital discriminator filter with sub-ns resolution
- PHA** (Pulse Height Analysis): pulse height analysis of exponential signals or common-mode sensitive preamplifier
- DAW** (Dynamic Acquisition Window): acquisition of a dynamically adjustable number of ADC samples

Developing algorithms for the Digital Pulse Processing (DPP).

Up on the FPGA of the digitizer (firmware upgrade), run it on-line and implement new acquisition and waveform recording.



da

se channels can independently and user-defined a

fine time interpolation with high

se height of any g from charge

ow):
adjusted



(Waveforms): acquisition of a programmable number of ADC samples (raw waveforms)



(Timestamp): trigger coarse time stamp with low resolution (10-20 ns)



(Charge to Digital Converter): gated integrator (charge)



(Constant Fraction Discriminator): digital Constant Fraction Discriminator with programmable delay and fraction. Works in combination with TDC



(Pulse Shape Discrimination): particle discrimination via double gated integration



(Zero Suppression): acquisition of a programmable number of ADC samples with zero suppression

Technical Specifications**GENERAL**

Form Factor
1-unit wide, 6U VME64/VME64X
1-unit wide NIM
154x50x164 mm³ (WxHxD) Desktop

ANALOG INPUT

Channels
16/8 channels, single ended (VME)
8 channels, single ended (NIM, Desktop)

Impedance

50 Ω

Connector

MCX

Full Scale Range (FSR)

2 Vpp (0.5 Vpp software selectable)

Bandwidth

125 MHz

Offset

Programmable DAC for DC offset adjustment. Range: ±1 V @ 2 Vpp, ±0.25 V @ 0.5 Vpp

DIGITAL CONVERSION**Resolution**

14 bits

Sampling rate

250 MS/s simultaneously on each channel

ADC CLOCK GENERATION

Clock source: internal/external

On-Board PLL provides ADC sampling clock generation from an internal (50 MHz loc. oscillator) or external reference (50 MHz or 62.5 MHz; other options on request) on front panel CLK-IN connector.

MEMORY

640 kS/ch or 5.12 MS/ch Multi-Event Buffer divisible into 1 ÷ 1024 buffers with independent read and write access. Programmable event size and pre-/post-trigger

TRIGGER**Trigger source**

Self-trigger: channel over/under threshold for either Common or Individual (DPP firmware only)
trigger generation

External-trigger: Common by TRG-IN or Individual by LVDS connectors (DPP firmware only)

Software-trigger: Common by software command

Trigger propagation

TRG-OUT (VME) / GPO (NIM, Desktop) digital output

Trigger Time Stamp

Waveform recording firmware/DPP-DAW/DPP-ZLE: 31-bit counter, 16ns resolution, 17 s range(*); 48-bit extension by firmware

DPP-PHA/PSD: 31-bit counter, 4 ns resolution, 8 s range; 47-bit extension by firmware; 10-bit and 4 ps fine time stamp by digital CFD; 64-bit extension by software

SYNCHRONIZATION**Clock propagation**

Daisy chain (VME only) through CLK-IN/CLK-OUT connectors

One-to-many clock distribution from an external clock source

Clock Cable delay compensation

Acquisition Synchronization

Sync Start/Stop through digital I/O (S-IN, TRG-IN or GPI input, TRG-OUT or GPO output)

External Trigger Time Stamp reset

LVDS I/O (VME only)

16 general purpose LVDS I/Os controlled by FPGA

Busy, Data Ready, Memory Full, Individual Trg-Out and other functions can be programmed
An Input Pattern from the LVDS I/Os can be associated to each trigger as an event marker

ANALOG MONITOR (VME only)

12-bit/125 MHz DAC FPGA controlled output with four operating modes:

Trigger Majority / Test Pulses / Memory Occupancy / Voltage Level

COMMUNICATION INTERFACE**Optical Link**

CAEN CONET proprietary protocol, up to 80 MB/s transfer rate

Daisy chainable: it is possible to connect up to 8/32 ADC modules to a single Optical Link Controller (Mod.A2818/A3818)

VME

VME 64X compliant

Data transfer mode: BLT32, MBLT64 (70 MB/s using CAEN Bridge), CBLT32/64, 2eVME, 2eSST (up to 200 MB/s)

POWER CONSUMPTIONS

Desktop: 2.5 A @ +12 V	
NIM: 5 A @ +6 V, 300 mA @ -6 V	
VME: V1725	V1725x
5.2 A @ +5 V	TBD
750 mA @ +12 V	
-12 V not used	

Ordering Options

Code	Description	Form Factor
WDT5725SXAAA	DT5725S - 8 Ch. 14 bit 250 MS/s Digitizer: 640kS/ch, CE30, SE	Desktop
WDT5725SBXAA	DT5725SB - 8 Ch. 14 bit 250 MS/s Digitizer: 5.12MS/ch, CE30, SE	Desktop
WN6725S5XAAA	N6725S - 8 Ch. 14 bit 500 MS/s Digitizer: 640kS/ch, CE30, SE	NIM
WN6725SBXAAA	N6725SB - 8 Ch. 14 bit 500 MS/s Digitizer: 5.12MS/ch, CE30, SE	NIM
WV1725SXAAA	V1725S - 16 Ch. 14 bit 250 MS/s Digitizer: 640kS/ch, CE30, SE	6U-VME64
WV1725SBXAAA	V1725SB - 16 Ch. 14 bit 250 MS/s Digitizer: 5.12MS/ch, CE30, SE	6U-VME64
WV1725SCXAAA	V1725SC - 8 Ch. 14 bit 250 MS/s Digitizer: 640kS/ch, CE30, SE	6U-VME64
WV1725SDXAAA	V1725SD - 8 Ch. 14 bit 250 MS/s Digitizer: 5.12MS/ch, CE30, SE	6U-VME64
WFWDPPTFA25	DPP-PHA - Digital Pulse Processing for Pulse Height Analysis (16 ch x725)	6U-VME64
WFWDPPTFAD25	DPP-PHA - Digital Pulse Processing for Pulse Height Analysis for (8ch x 725)	ALL
WFWDPNGAA25	DPP-PSD - Digital Pulse Processing for Pulse Shape Discrimination (16 ch x725)	6U-VME64
WFWDPNGAD25	DPP-PSD - Digital Pulse Processing for Pulse Shape Discrimination (8ch x725)	ALL
WFWDPPTWAA25	DPP-DAW - Digital Pulse Processing with Dynamic Acquisition Windows (16ch x725)	6U-VME64
WFWDPPTWAD25	DPP-DAW - Digital Pulse Processing with Dynamic Acquisition Windows (8ch x725)	ALL
WFWDPPLZAA25	DPP-ZLEplus - Digital Pulse Processing Zero Length Encoding for (16ch x725)	6U-VME64
WFWDPPLZAD25	DPP-ZLEplus - Digital Pulse Processing Zero Length Encoding for (8ch x725)	ALL
WFWDPPS2501A	DPP-SUP - Super Licence for 16ch x 725 Digital Pulse Processing	6U-VME64
WFWDPPS2501D	DPP-SUP - Super Licence for 8ch x 725 Digital Pulse Processing	ALL

AccessoriesA2818
PCI CONET ControllerA3818
PCI Express CONET2 ControllerA654
MCX to LEMO Cable AdapterA659
MCX to BNC Cable AdapterA317
Clock Distribution CableA318
SE to Differential Clock Cable AdapterAI2700
Optical Fiber Series

Cables for CONET Optical Link Networks

DT4700
Clock Generator and FAN-OUT

(*) Trigger Logic and Trigger Time Stamp counter operate at 125 MHz (i.e. 8 ns or 2 ADC clock cycles), while the counter value is read at a frequency of 62.5 MHz (i.e. 16 ns).